Optically resolving size and density distributions of particles in the dissolved-particulate continuum from 20 nm to 20 mm to improve the estimate of carbon flux

SCIENCE GOAL

 How variations in particle size composition impact the estimate of carbon export

OBJECTIVES

- Measure vertical distribution of volume scattering functions
- Estimate the size and density distributions of particles of sizes from 20 nm – 20 mm using VSF-inversion and imaging methods
- Estimate total and size-fractioned mass flux using PSD and density distributions
- Statistical analysis on how does VSFbased carbon estimate relate to the total flux out of the surface layer

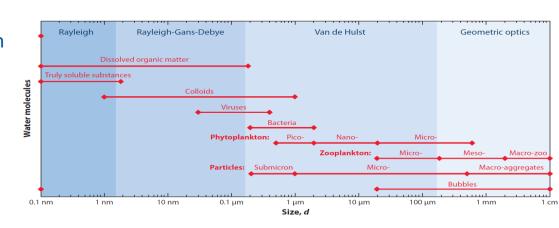
TEAM MEMBERS

Xiaodong Zhang, PI: VSF-inversion

Deric Gray, Co-I: VSF measurements

Yannick Huot, Co-I: IFC

Lionel Guidi, Co-I: UVP





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LOGISTICS

Survey Ship (4 berths)

Water samples from CTD (10 L per sample)

Frequency: min. 2/day, desired 3-4/day

Depths: min. 3 at surface, DCM, deep; desired 2 additional depths above DCM/Pycnocline)

Process on-board

LISST-100X

Spectral Volume Scattering Meter (VSF from 0.5 – 179 at 8 wavelengths)

LISST-VSF (VSF from 0.1 – 150 at 532 nm)

Manta ViewSizer (dynamic light scattering, PSD from $0.02 - 1 \mu m$)

Imaging flow cytometer





